

MATH 121 Final Exam Practice Problems for ALEKS-trained students

Multiple Choice Section. Write the letter of your answer in the box provided

1. Solve the equation $x^2 - x - 2 = 0$ for x .

- (a) $x = 2, 1$ (b) $x = -2, 1$ (c) $x = 2, -1$ (d) $x = -2, -1$ (e) None of the above

2. Write the solution to the inequality $|x| < 12$ using interval notation.

- (a) $(-12, 12)$ (b) $(-\infty, 12)$ (c) $(12, \infty)$ (d) $(-\infty, -12) \cup (12, \infty)$ (e) None of the above

3. Find the distance between the points $(-1, -3)$ and $(2, 3)$.

- (a) 9 (b) $\sqrt{36}$ (c) $\sqrt{45}$ (d) $(-3, 0)$ (e) None of the above

4. The x-intercepts of $x^2 + y^2 = 16$ are

- (a) $(-4, 0), (4, 0)$ (b) $(4, 0)$ (c) $(-16, 0), (16, 0)$ (d) $(0, -4), (0, 4)$

5. Find the slope of the line that is perpendicular to $2x - 5y = 7$.

- (a) $\frac{2}{5}$ (b) $-\frac{5}{2}$ (c) $\frac{5}{2}$ (d) -5 (e) None of the above.

Answer:

6. Find the midpoint of the line segment joining the points $(\frac{2}{3}, 3)$ and $(\frac{4}{3}, -9)$.

- (a) $(1, -3)$ (b) $(\frac{2}{3}, -12)$ (c) $\sqrt{32}$ (d) $(2, -6)$ (e) None of the above

Answer:

7. Find the equation of the circle in standard form that has center $(1, -3)$ and radius of $\sqrt{5}$.

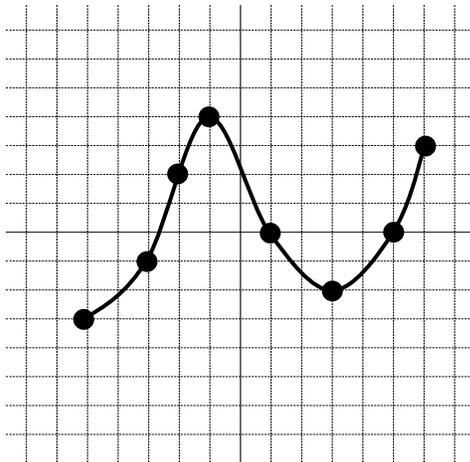
- (a) $(x + 1)^2 + (y - 3)^2 = \sqrt{5}$ (b) $(x - 1)^2 + (y + 3)^2 = \sqrt{5}$
(c) $(x + 1)^2 + (y - 3)^2 = 5$ (d) $(x - 1)^2 + (y + 3)^2 = 5$ (e) None of the above

Answer:

8. Find the average rate of change of $f(x) = 3^x$ from $x = 1$ to $x = 2$.
 (a) 4.5 (b) -6 (c) 6 (d) 9 (e) None of the above

Answer:

Use the given graph of the function f at the right to answer problems #9-12



9. Determine the absolute maximum value of f .
 (a) 3 (b) 4 (c) -2
 (d) -1 (e) None of the above

Answer:

10. Find a value of x for which $f(x) = 0$
 (a) $x = 2$ (b) $x = 1$ (c) $x = -2$
 (d) $x = 3$ (e) None of the above

Answer:

11. Find the coordinates of the relative (local) maximum.
 (a) (6,1) (b) (1,0) (c) (-1,4)
 (d) (-3,-3) (e) None of the above

Answer:

12. Find all of the x- intervals where the graph is increasing.

- (a) $(-3,4) \cup (-2,3)$ (b) $(3,6)$ (c) $(-5, -1) \cup (3,6)$
(d) $(-1,3)$ (e) None of the above.

Answer:

13. Choose the only function which is one-to-one.

- (a) $f(x) = x^2$ (b) $f(x) = -3$ (c) $f(x) = 2 - x^2$ (d) $f(x) = e^{-3x}$

Answer:

14. Determine the vertex of $f(x) = -2(x - 1)^2 - 2$

- (a) $(-1, -2)$ (b) $(1, -2)$ (c) $(-2, -2)$ (d) $(-2, 7)$

Answer:

15. The zeroes of the polynomial function $f(x) = 4x^4(x - 3)(x + 1)$ are

- (a) $\{0, -3, 1\}$ (b) $\{0, 3, -1\}$ (c) $\{4, 0, 1, -1\}$ (d) $\{0, 1, -1\}$

Answer:

16. Given that the function $f(x) = \sqrt{x + 3}$ is one-to-one, what is the range of $f^{-1}(x)$?

- (a) Not enough information is given (b) $(-\infty, \infty)$ (c) $(-3, \infty)$
(d) $(0, \infty)$ (e) $[-3, \infty)$

Answer:

17. The range of $f(x) = \ln(x - 1)$ is

- (a) $(1, \infty)$ (b) $(7, \infty)$ (c) All real numbers
(d) $(-\infty, 1)$ (e) None of the above

Answer:

18. Convert the logarithmic equation $\log_4 x = \frac{1}{2}$ into exponential form.

- (a) $4^{1/2} = x$ (b) $x^{1/2} = 4$ (c) $4^x = 1/2$ (d) $x^2 = 4$ (e) None of the above

Answer:

19. Find the exact value of the expression: $e^{2\ln(3)}$

- (a) 6 (b) $e^{\ln(10)}$ (c) 16 (d) 9 (e) None of the above

Answer:

20. If e^{-2} is evaluated, the result is:

- (a) $\ln\left(\frac{1}{5}\right)$ (b) 1.001 (c) negative (d) positive (e) None of the above

Answer:

Written problems (show all steps used clearly):

21. For the circle $x^2 + (y-1)^2 = 9$ (a) state the center and radius. Graph the circle. Place the circle correctly on the axes. (b). Find the x and y intercepts and label them on your graph.

22. Find the distance between the two points (3,-5) and (1,7).

23. Find the midpoint between the two points (3,-5) and (1,7). All three points on the same grid to verify that the midpoint you found lies between the two given points.

24. Graph $f(x) = -\sqrt{x-2}$ (a) Label at least two points (b) What is the domain of $f(x)$ and its range

25. For the function $f(x) = 1-2x^2$, find the average rate of change from $x=1$ to $x=3$

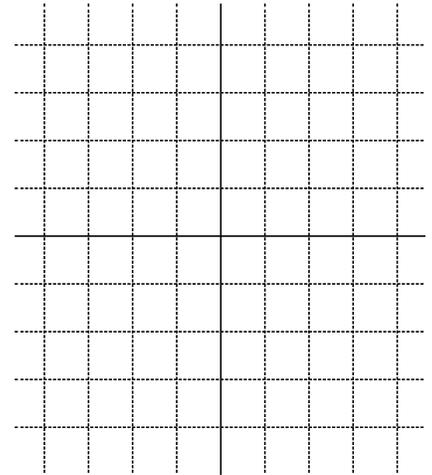
26. For the function in problem 25, compute the difference quotient $\frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$

27. Given the functions $f(x) = x^2 + 2$ and $g(x) = \sqrt{x-2}$, find and simplify $(f \circ g)(x)$

28. Given $y = x^2 + 2x + 3$

a. Determine the vertex and axis of symmetry..

Vertex: Axis of Symmetry:



b. Determine the x and y intercepts (if they exist).

x-intercept(s):

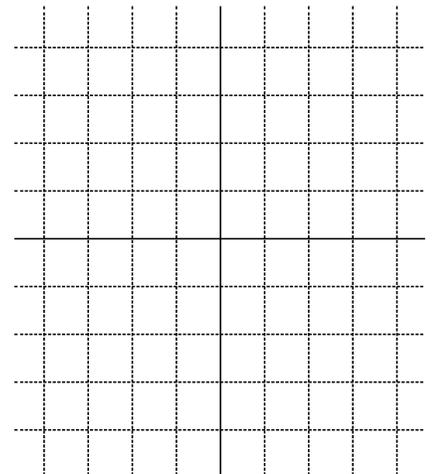
29. Given the function $g(x) = \frac{1}{x+2} + 1$, determine the following and sketch a graph:

(a) The equation of the vertical asymptote.

(b) The equation of the horizontal asymptote.

(c) The y-intercept(s)

(d) The x-intercept(s)



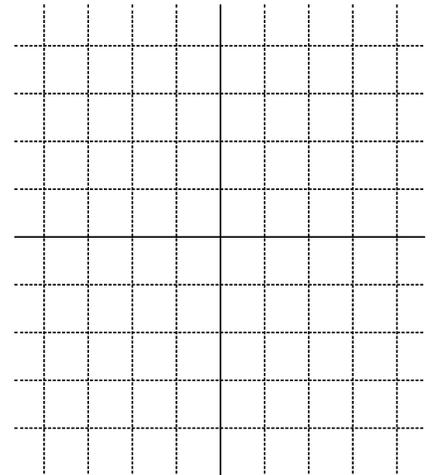
30. Graph the function $f(x) = e^{-x} - 1$. State the domain, range, and asymptote of $f(x)$.

Domain:

Range:

Asymptote:

y-intercept:



31. Given that $x^2 + y^2 + 4x - 5y = 2$ is the equation of a circle, determine the center and radius (hint: complete the squares).

Center:

Radius:

32. Find the inverse of the function: $f(x) = \frac{2x}{x-8}$

33. Solve the equation:

$$8e^{-3x} = 40$$

34. Solve the equation:

$$\log_2(x - 2) + \log_2(x + 2) = 5$$

35. Graph $f(x) = \ln(x+2)$. Determine (a) domain, (b) range (c) asymptotes, and (d) x- and y-intercepts

36. Solve $\log_6(x - 1) + \log_6(x - 2) = 1$

37. Solve $7^{x-1} = 3^x$

38. Solve $3\ln(x-5) = 1$

39. The function $f(x) = \frac{3x}{x+8}$ is one-to-one. (a) What is the domain of $f(x)$ (b) What is the range of f^{-1} ?

40. What is f^{-1} for the function in problem 39 above? What is the domain of the inverse? What is the range of $f(x)$?

41. Moth balls let outside quickly lose their mass due to sublimation into the surrounding air. Suppose that the mass of the moth balls A in ounces varies with time following the equation $A=A_0e^{-0.03t}$ where A_0 is the initial mass in ounces and t is the time in days.

(a) If we start with 6 ounces of moth balls, how many ounces will be there after 10 days?

(b) How many days will it take for there to be only 3 ounces of moth balls?

42. For the polynomial function $f(x) = (x - 2)^2(x + 1)$ (a) what are its zeros and associated multiplicities? (b) Does it cross or touch the x-axis at each of the zeros (c) Determine the end behavior of the graph (example: does it rise/fall on the left and does it rise/fall on the right?)

43. Graph $f(x) = \ln(x + 2)$. What is the domain, range, intercepts and asymptotes?

44. Graph $f(x) = x^2 - 4x + 3$. (a) Find the domain and range, (b) What is the vertex and axis of symmetry (c) What are the x-intercepts? (d) Graph the function and label clearly the vertex and intercepts

45. For the rational function $f(x) = \frac{3x^2+2x-8}{x^3-2x^2-3x}$ (a) What is the domain (b) Where are the asymptotes?

46. Graph $f(x) = (x - 3)^3$. (a) Label at least two points (b) What is the domain and range (c) Find all intercepts

47. Graph $f(x) = |x| + 3$ (a) Label at least three points (b) What is the domain and range (c) Is the function odd, even or neither?

48. Write $\log(x - 11) = 1$ in exponential form and solve for x

49. Given $f(x) = 2x^2 + 3$ and $g(x) = \sqrt{x - 1}$, (a) find $(f \circ g)(x)$ and simplify, (b) find $(f \circ g)(1)$

(c) What is the domain of $(f \circ g)(x)$

50. Solve the inequality $x^3 + 12x > -8x^2$ Write your answer in interval notation or union of intervals